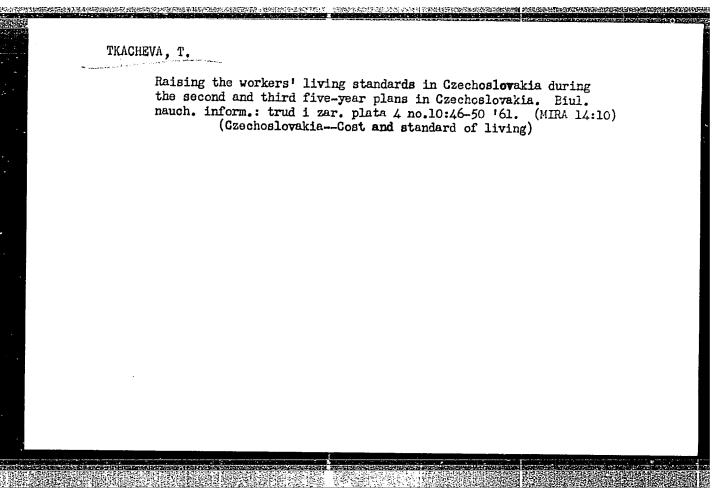
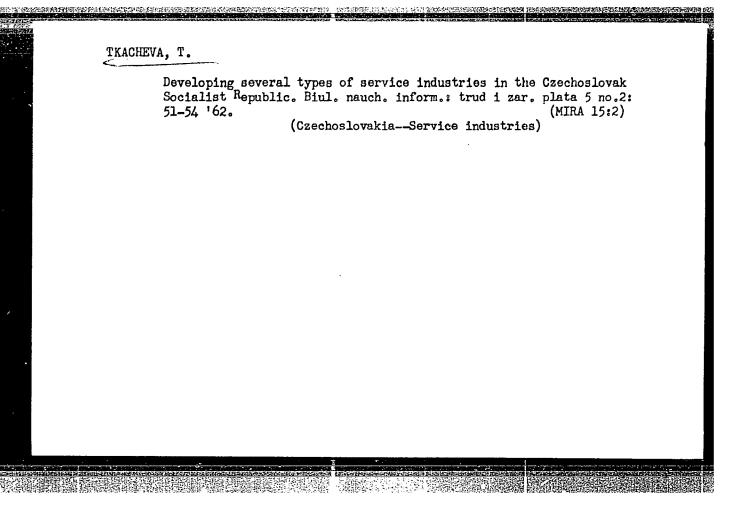
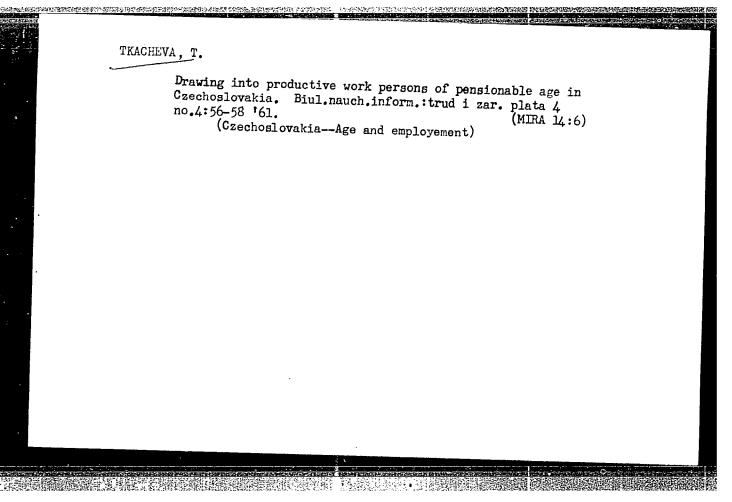
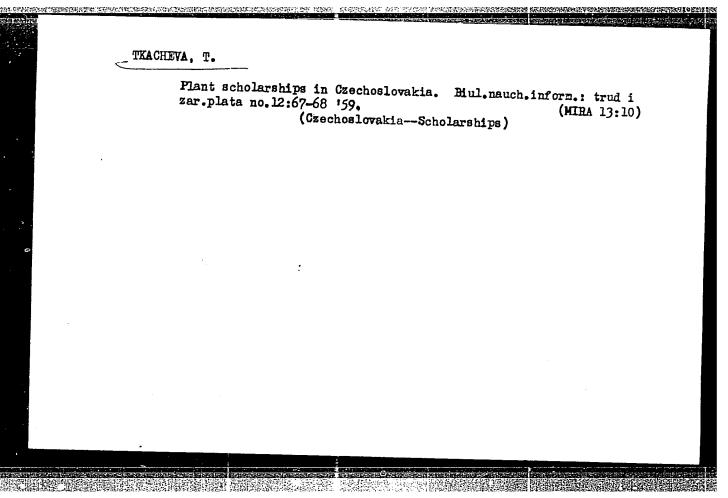
TKACHEVA, T.

Regulating the wages of workers of cultural and educational institutions in the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic. Biul. nauch. inform.: trud i zar. plata 4 no.8:47-49 '61. (MIRA 14:10) (Czechoslovakia—Wage paymont systems)









DRAZNIN, N.M., red.; MEREZHINSKIY, M.F., red.; TKACHEVA, T., red.
izd-va; VOLOKHANOVICH, I., tekhn. red.

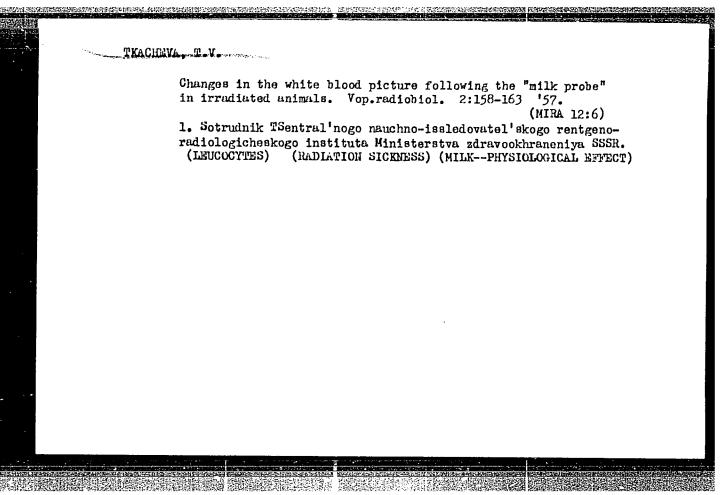
[Fundamentals of endocrinology] Osnovy endokrinologii. Minsk,
Izd-vo Akad. nauk BSSR, 1963. 419 p. (MIRA 16:7)

(ENDOCRINOLOGY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

BALEK, A. [Bálek, Alexej]; DANEK, S. [Daněk, Stanislav], inzh.; FOFF, A. [Foff, Arthur], inzh.; KOLVODA, Ya. [Kelvoda, Jan], doktor; SHMID, Y. [Schmid, Josef], inzh.; SHKVOR, I. [Škvor, J.], doktor; VAYTTS, A. [Waitz, Antonín], inzh.; ROMASHKIN, N.I. [translator]; VEKSHIN, G.K. [translator]; TKACHEVA, T.K. [translator]; OSTROUMOVA, V.S., red.; SEMENOVA, N.Kh., red.; KAFRALOVA, A.A., tekhn.red.

[General inventory of fixed assets in Czechoslovakia] General'naia inventarizatsiia osnovnykh fondov v Chekhoslovakii. Moskva, Gos. statist.izd-vo, 1959. 101 p. (MIRA 13:2) (Czechoslovakia--Inventories)



TKACHEVA, T.V.

Data for the analysis of changes in the leukocyte count as a reaction to the stimulation of gastric mechanoreceptors following animal irradiation. Med.rad. 5 no.2:12-18 F 160.

(MIRA 13:12)

ALT THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

(RADIATION-PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS) (STOMACH) (LEUKOCYTES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TKACHEVA, T.V., kand.med.nauk (Leningrad)

Doses of X-ray irradiation received by the patients during the catheterization of cardiac cavities and large blood vessels. Vest.rent.i rad. 40 no.5:49-53 S-0 '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

TKACHEVA, T. V.: Master Med Sci (diss) -- "Material on the study of the reactions of the blood system to stimulation of the interoceptors after irradiation".

Leningrad, 1958. 14 pp (Central Sci Res Inst of Med Radiology of the Min Health USSR), 150 copies (KL, No 8, 1959, 139)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TKACHEVA, T.V.

Long-term observations of the composition of the peripheral blood and the bone marrow in animals following a single total-body irradiation. Med. rad. 4 no.3:14-21 Mr '59. (MIRA 12:7)

1. Iz fiziologicheskoy laboratorii (zav. - kand. med. nauk V. F. Cherkasov) TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo rentgeno-radiologicheskogo instituta.

(ROENTGEN HAYS, effects,

total-body single irradiation on blood count in peripheral blood & bone marrow (Rus))
(BLOOD CELIS.

count, eff. of total-body single x-irridiation (Rus))
(BONE MARROW, eff. of radiations,
x-ray total-body single irradiation (Rus))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TKACHEVA, Z.I.; NAZARUK, Z.K., inzh.; SOKOLOVA, L.A.

Processing expeller flaxseed cake brought to the Vitebek 0il Mill. Masl.-zhir. prom. 27 no.11:39-40 N '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Vitebskiy masloekstraktsionnyy zavod.
(Vitebsk--Oil industries--Equipment and supplies)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TKACHEVA, Z.M.

Organization of work as the main factor. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 8 no.9:3-4 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Glavnyy agronom Upravleniya zashchity rasteniy Ministerstva proizvodstva i zagotovok sel'skokhozyaystvennykh produktov UzSSR.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

AVDEYEVA, T.I.; TKACHEVA, Z.S.

Chemism of the leaching process of sulfate-limestone sinters. Trudy Khim. mpt.inst.Sib.otd.AN SSSR no.15:55-59 '60. (MIRA 14:6)

(Chemistry, Metallurgic) (Leaching)

LILEYEV, I.S.; ROZENTRETER, R.G.; AVDEYEVA, T.I.; TKACHEVA, Z.S.; MOROZOV, G.S.

Pilot-plant testing of the sulfate-limestone method of preparing alumina from Salair bauxites. Trudy Khim.-met.inst.Sib.otd.AN SSSR. no.15:81-89 '60. (MIRA 14:6) (Salair Ridge-Bauxite) (Alumina)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

ROZENTRETER, R.G.; TKACHEVA, Z.S.; BERSENEVA, N.S.

Studying the process of sintering bauxite-sulfate charges in a rotary furnace reduction-exidation medium. Trudy Khim.-met.inst. Sib.otd.AN SSSR no.15:131-144 '60. (MIRA 14:6) (Bauxite) (Sintering)

ROZENTRETER, R.G.; TKACHEVA, Z.Ś.; GORYUNOVA, A.A.; LILEYEV, I.S.

Sintering of sode-sulfate-limestone charges. Trudy Khim.-met.inst.
Sib.otd.AN SSSR no.15:41-54 *60. (MIRA 14:6)

(Aluminum-Metallurgy) (Sintering)

ROZENTRETER, R.G.; TKACHEVA, Z.S.; PAVLYCHEVA, A.I.; LILEYEV, I.S.

Sintering of sulfate-limestone charges. Trudy Khim.-met.inst.Sib.
otd.AN SSSR no.15:27-39 160. (MIRA 14:6)
(Aluminum-Metallurgy) (Sintering)

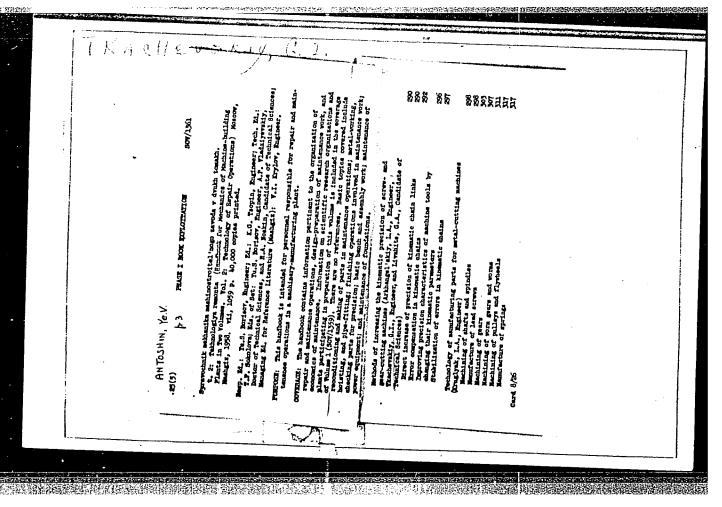
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

Changes in the reaction of white blood to the stimulation of gastric mechanoreceptors in irradiated animals. Vop.radiobiol. 2:164-177 '57. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Sotrudnik TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo rentgenoradiologicheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR. (RADIATION SICKRESS) (LEUCOCYTES) (STOMACH--IMPERVATION)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3

7KA8	H & 1	13×19, 4.	7.		- Charles - L	
	BCF/2363	Moscow, Moscow, Moscow, Moscow, Mali Moscow, M	ation of Les work, and Lisations and the course, way include and include tenders work tenders of tenders of	66 5 666 8388 8	7.50 view and 1.50 view and 1.	
-	804	Extra long serota w dwint tranth. Extra long serota w dwint tranth. Extra long of Repair of Rebtica-building Proposite printed. Maria long of Repair of Repair (Rebtical Research Maria Land). Maria long of Repair Maginer; A.P. Vladilyevitly, Maria long of Repair of Repair (Rebtical Rel Maria long of Repair (Rebtical Rel Maria long of Repair (Repair Repair Ref Maria long of Repair and Maria long o	to the organism of maintenance of maintenance of seconds of second	ools hines and ing two Ing rotating a arror		
	CPLOTEATION	seroda v dvu hor Nechanica hogy of Repair ples printad. K.O. Isopin, sev, Inginer Nechgis, V., Nechgis, V., verunal respon scrutual respon	on pertinent of perpendicular to the perpendicular to the perpendicular to the perpendicular to the pertinent of the pertine	Cruraties of sacials tools to the cruraties of sacials tools to the cruraties of sacials sachises to the crucating the crucatic chains competing to the crucatic cruc		
	PRASE I BOOK EUPLOTEACTOR	prevent k satherits satherits and control talled a stroke we denth teach. 1. 2. Palmaniagies results (Emchook for Nechanics of Nechics-bailding First's in two Volmess, Vol. 2. Pechanics of Neralic Operations) Noscov, Mangis, 1955. vij. 1099 p. 40,000 copies printed. Mangis, 1955. vij, 1099 p. 40,000 copies printed. Man, M., M., M., M., Miller, Miller, M. S. Porisor, M. S. Mandiser; Jed. Ed.; F. Scholmer; Ed., of Set; Th.S. Porisor, Engineer; A.P. Viadityvetty, Deckor of Technical Science, and R.A. Joidio, Candidate of Technical Science Mangis, M. M. Krylov, Ed., Scholmer, Worder Ed. For Mandiser, M.P. Krylov, Ed., Scholmer, Worder in the Mangis of Period and Mandiser, Scholmer operation in a suchlashry-examination plant.	FRIGE: The hambook contains information partitions to the organization of repair and maintenance work, and executed and maintenance work, and soundered an attractions of particular containing the statement of the sound of the	demonstrate interactions of the annual course, including the demonstrate in the course of the course		
		chantha santinorta cologiya was uta wa Volumes 701, 75, 71, 1059 p. 25, 71, 1059 p. 26, 27, 27, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	handbook cont maintenance op- maintenance, impating in pre- ing and making of pipe-fitting of pipe-fitting of pipe-fitting mari and maintenance mari and maintenance mari and maintenance marial maintenance marial maintenance and maintenanc	Manastir and Einstein in the subols for that inspection Chesting that inspection Chesting that the predict of the North and the subols for th		
	ANTOSHIN, YE.V.	fravochnik sachsmits sachinoritotici hopp serots v denti i, 21 Tahtmologiya resusts (Emobook for Mechanica Flarts in Tee Volmes: Fol. 2: Technology of Repair Bang, M.; Th.S. Berisor, Engineer; M.; M.; Teopin, E. 18. Sobolows; Ma. of Set: Th.S. Borisov, Engineer; Deter of Technical Sciences, and M.A. Soriin, Cacitical Monoging M., for Esterance Literature (Mandre); P.;; FRECORT: This bandbook is intended for personnal respons Vennes operations in a sachiatary-examicaturing plant;	COTTRUCK: The repair and a secondian of plants party of Yolung 1 (recording to hot sting, on the control of the	Geometri Expensition Desiring Posting Posting Controlle Georga Geometri Brunding Brunding Brunding Brunding Brunding Brunding Brunding	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	:				· · ·	

TKACHEVSKIY, G. I.

Povysheniye kinematicheskoy tochnosti zubofrezernykh stanov (Increasing the kinematic accuracy of gear cutting machines, by) L. A. Arkhangeliskiy, G. I. Tkachevskiy i G. A. Livshits. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1954. 199 p. diagra.

SO: N/5 741.415 .A7

TKADUEVSKIY, G.I. IVSHITS, G.A. and ARKHANGELSKY, L. A.

"Increased kinematic precision of Gear-Cutting machines", published th the Scientific and Technical State Publishing House for Literature on Machine Manufacturing and Shipbuilding in Moscow in 1954.

SO: TABCON, sum. of context, D-69548, 3 Aug 1954.

```
VIKTOR, Z., prof.; TKACHEVSKIY, V. (Vrotslav)

State of the gastric mucoss during sleep therapy. Klin.med. 35 no.11:136-137 N '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Iz tret'yey kliniki vnutrennikh bolezney (zev. - prof. Ye.Shcheklik) Meditsinskoy akademii (Yrotslav)

(PEPPIC ULGHR, ther.

aleep, pathol. of gastric mucosa, gastroscopy)

(SLEEP, ther. use

peptic ulcer, pathol. of gastric mucosa, gastroscopy)

(GASTROSCOPY, in various dis.

peptic ulcer, eff. of sleep ther.)
```

TKACHEVSKIY, G.I., inzh.; BOROVICH, L.S., kand.tekhn.nauk

"Basential information about gear transmissions" by M.L.Mitsengendler.
Reviewed by G.I.Tkachevskii, L.S.Borovich. Mashinostroitel' no.10:46-47

0'57. (Gearing) (Mitsengendler, M.L.);

(Gearing) (Mitsengendler, M.L.);

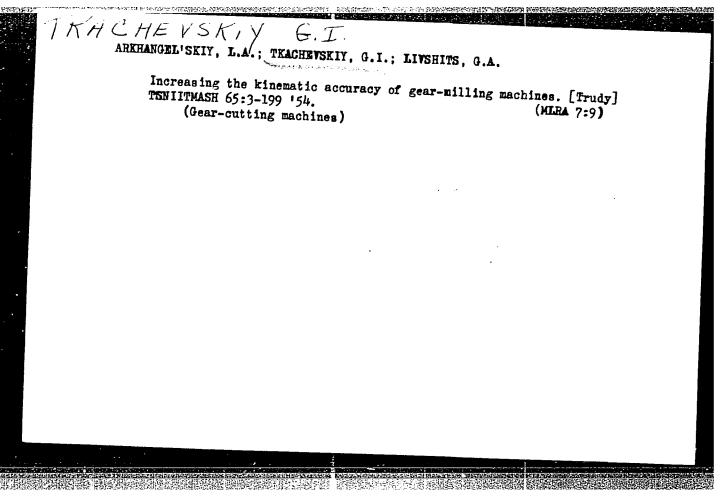
TKACHEVIKIY, G. 1.

ABRAMOVICH, I.I., prof., ANBINDER, A.G., inzh., ANTOSHIN, Ye.V., inzh., ARKHANGEL'SKIY, L.A., inzh., ASTAF'YEV, S.S., kand. tekhn. nauk, AFANAS'YEV, L.A., inzh., BARGSHTEYN, I.I., inzh., BORISOV, Yu. S., inzh., red., BYALYY, I.L., inzh., VETVITSKIY, A.M., inzh., GERSHMAN, D.Kh., inzh., GJNZBURG, Z.M., inzh., GOROSHKIM, A.K., inzh., "EVDOKIMCHIK, Kh.I., inzh., ZHIKH, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, ZABYVAYEV, Ye. 1., kand. tekhn. nauk, [deceased], ZOBIN, V.S., inzh., IVANOV, G.P., kand. tekhn nauk, KAPRANOV, P.N., inzh., KONDRATOVICH, V.M., inzh., KOSTEREV, S.K., inzh., KOVAL'SKIY, N.N., inzh., KRUGLYAK, L.A., inzh., LUKYANOV, T.P., inzh., LAPIDUS, A.S., kand. tekhn. nauk, LIVSHITS, G.A., kand.tekhn. nauk, LISHANSKIY, I.M., inzh., MIGALINA, Ye.Ya., inzh., NOSKIN, R.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; ., PRONIKOV, A.S., doktor tekhn.nauk, REGIRER, Z.L., kand. tekhn. nauk, RUDYK, M.A., inzh., SOKOLOVA, N.V., inzh., SAKLINSKIY, V.V., inzh., SAKHAROV, V.P., inzh., TOKAR', M.KH., inzh., TKACHEVSKIY, G.I., inzh., KHRUNICHEV, Yu.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, TSOPIN, K.G., inzh., red.; SHEYNGOL'D, Ye. M., inzh., SOKOLOVA,T.F., tekhn. red.

[Handbook for machinists of machinery plants in two volumes] Spravochnik mekhanika mashinostroitel'nogo zavoda v dvukh tomakh. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry. Vol. 2.[The technology of repair work] Tekhnologiia remonta. Otv. red. toma IU. S. Borisov, 1958. 1059 p. (MIRA 11:10)

(Machinery--Maintenance and repair)
(Machine-shop practice)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"



KOGEL, I.S., inzh.; TKACHEVSKIY, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; ANDREYEV, V.M., prof., otv.red.; VERZHBINSKAYA, I.I., inzh., red.; KRASLAVSKIY, G.M., tekhn.red.

[Disk cutters with a mechanical fastening of hard-alloy tips]
Diskovye frezy s mekhanicheskim krepleniem plastinok tverdogo
splava. Leningrad, 1952. 6 p. (Informatsionno-tekhnicheskii
listok, no.18 (359)) (MIRA 14:6)

1. Leningradskiy Dom nauchnowtekhnicheskoy propagandy. (Metal-cutting tools)

TKACHEVSKIY, Yuriy Matveyevich; PAL'CHUN, I.F., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn. red.

[Work units in corrective labor colonies] Otriadnaia sistema v ispravitel'no-trudovykh koloniyakh; lektsiia dlia studentov iuridicheskogo fakul'teta. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk. univ., 1962.
29 p. (MIRA 16:3)

(Convict labor)

	T.O.W.II, W. R.	T _M .:93199
	Alkogolizm I Trestu noct' (Alcoholism and Crime, by) G. A. Dennel'Lon I Yu. M. Wachevskiy. Moskva, Cosyurizdat, 1956. 98 1. Eibliogra hical Footnotes.	
•		
		Ck

TKACHIK, A., inzh. (g.Groznyy, Checheno-Ingushskaya ASSE)

"Gas equipment, apparatus, instruments, and fittings"; a catalog.

Reviewed by A.Tkachik. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 10 no.11:33 '60.

(MIRA 13:11)

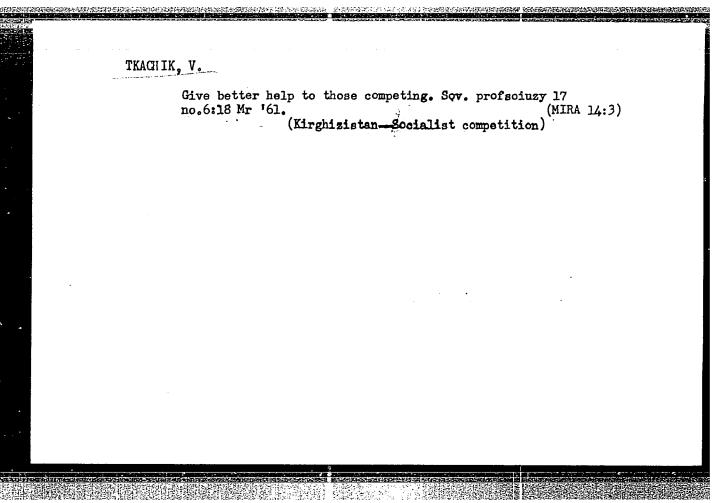
(Gas manufacture and works-Equipment and supplies)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

Problems of gas supply to the cities. Zhil.-kom. khoz. 3 no.3:10-11 Mr '53 (MLRA 6:5)

1. Groznenskii oblastnoi proekt. (Gas distribution)

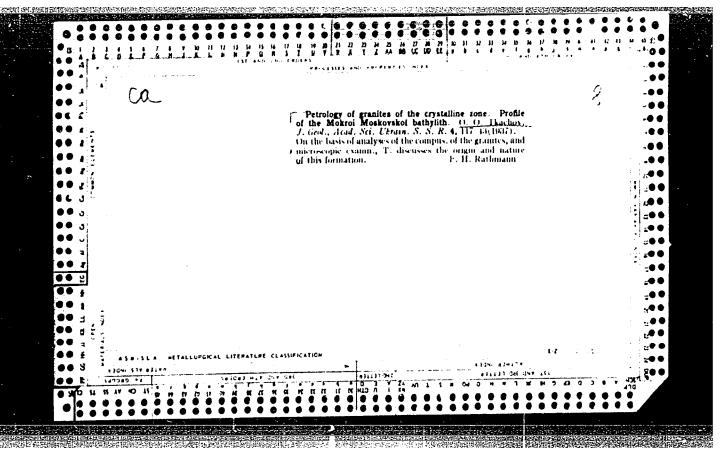
** *	First steer Word days 10 - 6 10 5	Marin Caran			
	First steps. Voen. znan. 40 no.9:40 S	64. (Minh 17:12)			
	1. Nachal'nik Kaliningradakogo morakogo kluba Vaesoyuanego dobrovol'nogo obahchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu.				



establishment (Drilling wells under in the southeastern sector of the Donets Lowland. Nert. i gaz. prom. no.4:68-69 6-1 h	of the Dunsper-
	1. Trest "Khar "kovneftegasrazvedka".	(MTRA 17:12)

AGISTW, A.F.; ELITOSETEO, T.F.; LAPKS, I.Va.; FARIY, A.H.; STUTEI, P.P.;
THEORIZEVIKIT, S.A.; THACHISHEP, S.V.

New gas-bearing area in the statishmeters weather of the helicustDenote Leviand. Gaz. prom. 2 no.12:2-6 163 (FIE. 19:1)



Hypertensive cerebral crisis. Suvrem med., Sofia no.7-8:11-20 '60.

1. Iz Instituta po nevrologiia na AMN SSSR (Direktor prof. N.V. Konovalov)

(HYPERTENSION compl)
(CEREBRAL HEMORRHAGE etiol)

VINOGRADOV, K.O.; TKACHOVA, K.S.

Fertility of the Black-Sea fish. Dop.AN URSR no.2:18-22 '48.

(MERA 9:9)

1.Predstavleno diysnim chlenom AN URSR D.K.Tret'yakowim.

(Black Sea--Fishes)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TKACHOVA, K.S.

New discovery of Atherina bonapartei Boulanger (Pisces) in the Black Sea. Dop.AN URSR no.2:14-17 48. (HIRA 9:9)

1. Predstavleno diysnim chlenom AN URSR D.K. Tret'yakovim.
(Black Sea--Atherine)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

PASHKOVSKIY, M.V.; TSAL*, N.A.; TKACHUK, A.D.

Effect of oxygen-containing anion impurities on the electroconductivity of alkali halide crystals. Fiz.tver.tela 5 no.4:1167-1169 Ap '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. L'vovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Iv.Franko. (Alkali metal halides—Electric properties)

S/181/63/005/004/032/047 B102/B186

AUTHORS:

Tsal', N. A., and Tkachuk, A. D.

Pashkovskiy, M. Effect of oxygen-containing anion impurities on the electric

conductivity of alkali-halogenide crystals TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 5, no. 4, 1963, 1167 - 1169

TEXT: The effect of KOH impurities on the electrical conductivity of KCl and KBr crystals, and of Na₂SO₄ and Na₂CO₃ on that of NaCl, were determined by measuring the resistance with a d-c ohmmeter in vacuo between 250 - 600°C. The impurity concentrations amounted to 0.05, 0.60 and 1.00 mole% (KOH) and 0.08, 0.40 and 1.00 mole% (Na₂SO₄ or Na₂CO₃) [Abstracter's note: 0.04 is a printing error.] For KCl and KBr o was found to increase with increasing impurity concentration; $S0_4^{2-}$ and $C0_3^{2-}$ show an opposite effect. In all cases -log o was plotted against T and the curves were straight lines in the case of not too high temperatures. For NaCl with Na2SO4 the activation The effects obtained are energy increases with the impurity concentration. Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001**

Effect of oxygen-containing ...

\$/181/63/005/004/032/047 B102/B186

explained by the increased anion vacancy concentration which contributes to conduction only at temperatures near to the melting point of the crystal. There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: L'vovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. Iv. Franko (L'vov State University imeni Iv. Franko)

SUBMITTED: December 1, 1962

Card 2/2

SYABER, N.A.; TKACHUK, A.G.

Increase in the available power of K-10C-90 turbines. Energ. i elektrotekh. prom. no.2:62-63 Ap-Je 163. (MIRA 16:7)

1. RU Donbassenergo. (Steam turbines)

GIEER, R.F.; TKACHUK, A.I.; KLOCHKO, Yu.S.

Investigations of wells simultaneously exploited with respect to pipes and annular space. Gaz. delo no.12:14-17 '63. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Stryyskoye gazopromyslovoye upravleniye.

TKACHUK, A.M.

B-5

B-5

ussR/Crystals.

Abs Jour

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18329 : N.A. Toletcy, A.K. Trofimov, A.M. Tkachuk, N.N. Tkachuk. : N.A. TOLEGOY, A.A. TROLLIMOY, A.M. TRACTUK, N.M. Compounds.

: Luminescence Kinetics of Platinum Cyanide Compounds.

Author

Title

Orig Pub

: Iz7. AN SSSR, ser. fiz., 1956, 20, No 5, 583-590

Abstract

The kinetics of the luminescence of anhydrous and hydrous salts of M/Ft(CN) LJ, where M mey be Li, Na, K, Po, Cs, salts of M/Ft(CN) LJ, Pr, Nd, Sm, Gd, Ly, Er, Tu, Yb, Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba, Y, La, Pr, Nd, Sm, Th cage of all these was studied with an ultrataumeter. In case of all these salts, the brightness of the stationary luminescence is in proportion to the excitation intensity, the intensity rise and quenching curves are symmetrical and exponential. rise and quenching curves are symmetrical and exponential The relaxation time is 10-6 to 10-7 sec. The luminescense kiretics depends in a complicated manner on the cation nature, the amount of water of crystallization and the crystelline structure of polymorphous modifications. The luminescence kinetics and the luminescence spectrum

_ 84 -

Card 1/2

APROYED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP80-0

Abs Jour

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 18329

are sensitive criterion of the modification of the lattice state due to heating. Frozen aqueous solutions of these salts shine with T close to T of solid salts, but the temperature course is different. The luminescence color of such solutions depends greatly on the concentration in the region of very weak concentrations (10⁻⁴ to 10⁻⁸ M).

51-6-11/26 AUTHORS: Tolstoy, N. A., Tkachuk, A. M. and Tkachuk, N. N.

TITLE:

Flash Emission of Luminescence. (Vspyshechnoye razgoraniye lyuminestsentsii.) 1. ZnS-Ni Phosphors.

Part I. (1. Fosfory ZnS-Ni. Chast' I.)

PERIODICAL: Optika i Spektroskopiya, 1957, Vol.II, Nr.6,

pp. 759-769. (USSR)

The red band of the ZnS-Ni phosphor exhibits flash ABSTRACT:

The phosphor was excited with 365 mm line of mercury. The flash was observed using a light filter. The intensity of the flash increased with the duration of the dark interval between two consecutive excitations, to. The maximum intensity was reached at a value of t_0 which increases with decrease of temperature (see Fig.1). Preliminary illumination of the excited phosphor with infrared and green-orange light affected the flash emission. The infrared illumination shortened the dark interval

before the flash but did not affect the maximum flash Card 1/3

51-6-11/26

. Flash Emission of Luminescence. 1. ZnS-Ni Phosphors. Part I.

intensity. Illumination with 578 or 546 ma lines of mercury decreased the ability of the phosphor to emit in a flash. If this green-orange illumination was of sufficient power and duration the flash emission disappeared altogether. The ZnS-Ni phosphor which can emit in a flash was found to possess a wide band of complementary absorption (Fig. 5). It was also found that kinetics of the blue-band emission (Zn) is closely related to kinetics of the red band (N1). The authors suggest that flash emission is due to transitions of electrons or holes from one localised . state ("first localisation") to another such state ("second localisation"). Students of the Leningrad University A. Yeremeyeva and O. Popova, took part in this work. There are 6 figures and 10 references, 9 of which are Slavic.

Card 2/3

Flash Emission of Luminescence. 1. ZnS-Ni Phosphors. Part I. 51-6-11/26

ASSOCIATION: State Optical Institute imeni S.I. Vavilov; Leningrad Technological Institute imeni Lensovet, Chair of Physics. (Gosudarstvennyy opticheskiy institut im. S.I. Vavilova; Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut im. Lensoveta,

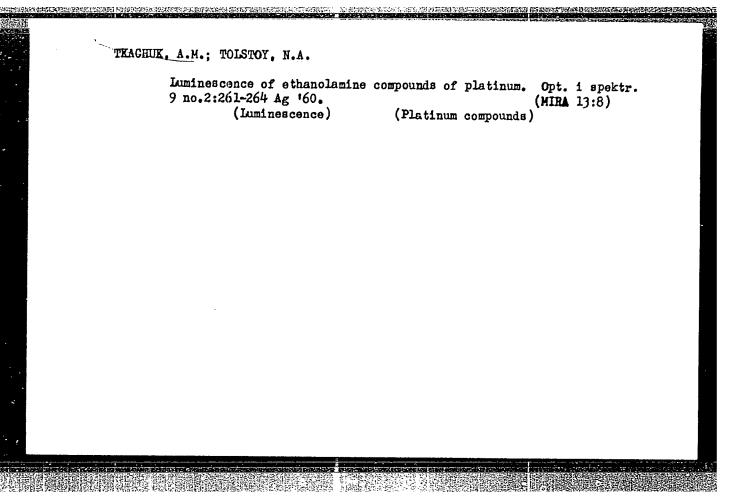
Kafedra fiziki).

SUBMITTED: November 28, 1956.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001



RYSKIN, A.I.; TKACHUK, A.M.; TOISTOY, N.A.

Optical properties of cyanoplatinate compounds. Part 2. Spt. i spektr. 17 no.5:724-727 N '64.

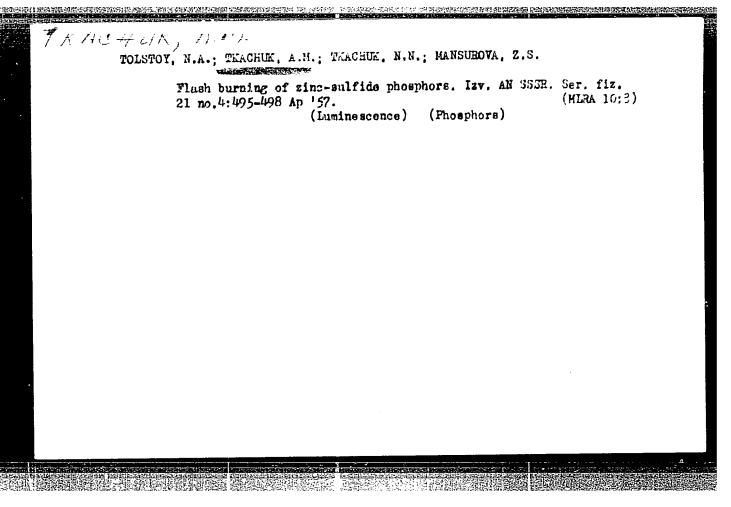
(MIRA 17:12)

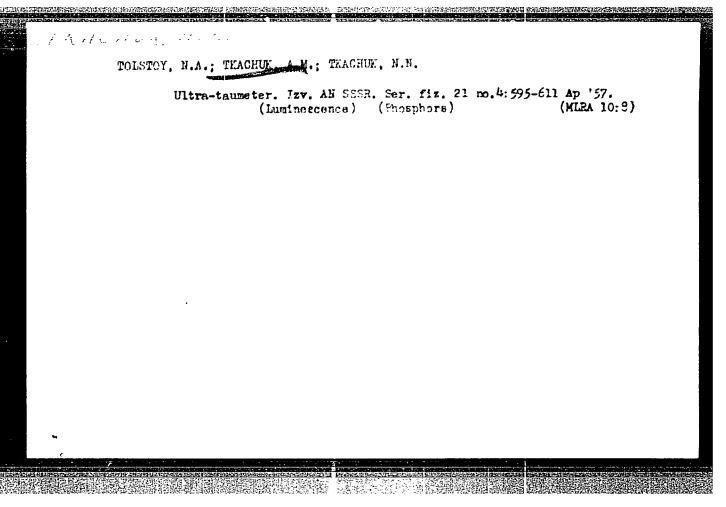
RYSKIN, A.I., TKACHUK, A.M., TOISTOY, N.A.

Optical properties of cyanoplatinate compounds. Cpt. i spiktr.
17 no.4:565-570 0 '64.

(MIRA 17:12)

. Compress received the	"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/200	O1 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3
	TOLSTOY, N.A.; TKACHUK, A.M.; AGYEVA,	L.Ye.
	Some manifestations of a nonmorin cyanoplatinates. Opt. 1 sp	nomolecular excitation mechanism ektr. 14 no.1:163-165 Ja 163. (MIRA 16:5)
2	(Cyanoplatinate)	(Quantum electronics)
	:	
	· •	





TRACHUE, AH.

USSR/Luminescence SUBJECT:

48-4-5/48

AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Tolstoy N.A., Tkachuk A.M., Tkachuk H.H. and Mansurova Z.S.

Flash Brightness Rise of Zinc-Sulfide Phosphors (Vapyshechnoye

razgoraniye tzink-sul'fidnykh fosforov)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Fizicheskaya, 1957,

Vol 21, #4, pp 495-498 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A rise in the flash brightness of the luminescence long-wave band is observed in ZnS-Mn; ZnS-Ni; ZnS-Co and also in the "pure" ZnS (apparently due to iron admixtures). The flash may be 6.5 times as bright as stationary phosphorescence of ZnS-Ni.

The intensity of flash depends on the duration of interruption of to in excitation illumination. There is an optimum time of t o max ("ripening time") which corresponds to maximum flash.

The value of $t_{o\ max}$ depends on the phosphor composition and temperature. Temperature-dependence of $t_{o\ max}$ is expressed

temperature. Toursell the following equation: $\frac{1}{t_{o mqx}} \approx e^{-u/\kappa T}$

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001**

TITLE:

48-4-5/48

Flash Brightness Rise of Zinc-Sulfide Phosphors (Vspyshechnoye razgoraniye tzink-sul'fidnykh fosforov)

The process of flash "ripening" is interpreted as a thermal transfer process of electrons from the local "supply levels" to the local "flash levels". After a sufficient time, electrons leave thermally also flash levels. The law cited above can be derived on the basis of these conceptions.

The article is followed by a discussion of the topics touched in the report. No references are given.

INSTITUTION: Not indicated

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED: No date indicated

TO THE RESIDENCE WHEN THE TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

AVAILABLE: At the Library of Congress.

Card 2/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

TKAChuK, AM.

SUBJECT: USSR /Luminescence

48-4-43/48

AUTHORS:

Tolstoy N.A., Tkachuk A.M. and Tkachuk N.N.

TITLE:

Ultrataumeter (Ul'trataumetr)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Fizicheskaya, 1957,

Vol 21, #4, pp 595-611 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In order to measure relaxation process 3 whose duration is within the limits from 10^{-5} to $10^{-7} \sec$, a special apparatus, "ultrataumeter", was designed and constructed. Investigations of the kinetics of some luminophores were carried out with

the aid of this apparatus.

The ultrataumeter uses photoelectronic multipliers. One of them is of the FEU-19 type (antimony-cesium photocathode), and the other one of the "AEG" firm (cesium oxide photocathode). The multipliers are aupplied from a rectifier with electronic

stabilization.

As the Soviet industry does not manufacture oscillographs suitable for application in an ultrataumeter, a special oscillo-

graph was designed and constructed by the authors. This

Card 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TITLE:

Ultrataumeter (Ul'trataumetr)

和新港市最高的企業。 1985年 - 1985年 -

48-4-43/48

STANDARD STA

oscillograph is valuable also for the application of the method of electric differentiation. Its sensitivity to inertia is $(1 \text{ to } 2) \text{x} 10^{-8} \text{sec}$. Its horizontal frequency characteristic ranges from 5 c/sec to 10 megac/sec at the value of gain factor k = 500 and to 3 megac/sec at k = 1,000.

A mechanical modulator of light can modulate the light of any spectral composition, within the limits of quartz lenses.

The practical resolution ability of the ultrataumeter with the mechanical light modulator amounts to $10^{-8} \, \mathrm{sec}$.

Two more ultrataumeters were constructed:

- 1. The ultrataumeter with an electro-optical modulator of light. It was designed for modulation of light within the visual portion of the spectrum. It was applied for studying kinetics of the infra-red luminescence of cuprous oxide.
- 2. The ultrataumeter for studying kinetics of cathodoluminescence. Relaxation times of cathodoluminescence up to 10^{-7} sec can be measured with the aid of this device.

The article contains 13 circuits and 4 figures.

The bibliography lists 25 references, all of which are Slavic (Russian).

Card 2/3

TITLE:

Ultrataumeter (Ul'trataumetr)

48-4-43/48

The report was followed by a short discussion.

INSTITUTION: Not indicated

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED: No date indicated

AVAILABLE: At the Library of Congress.

Card 3/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

A. Make and the control of the contr

L 15250-65
ACCESSION NR: AP4048743

It is shown further that the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. F. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. F. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. F. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. F. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. F. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. F. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Moncuit and H. S. wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Wiet in 1995 and the level scheme proposed by C. Wiet in 1995 an

1,5085

5/051/63/014/001/027/031 E039/E120

AUTHORS:

Tolstoy, N.A., Tkachuk, A.M., and Ageyeva, L.Ye.

TITLE:

Some manifestations of the non-molecular excitation mechanism of platinocyanides

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, v.14, no.1, 1963, 163-165 Platinocyanides excited at liquid nitrogen temperature

and subsequently heated at 0.6 deg/sec attain maximum thermoluminescence at \sim 120 °K. The estimated depth of level is derived

from the formula:

$$u = k T_{max}^2 / \delta$$

where & is the half width of the peak given in the table. of crystallisation is shown to have no effect on thermoluminescence. The dependence of relaxation time τ on the intensity of excitation E is investigated. Using the mechanical ultra-taumeter method it was found that 't does not depend on E. By using the pulsed ultra-taumeter method (i.e. with a pulsed ultraviolet lamp MC-3 (IS-3)) an excitation density of 10^{17} quanta/cm² is attained. In this case in the "normal" regime of excitation r remains Card 1/3

Some manifestations of the

S/051/63/014/001/027/031 F039/E120

constant but on increasing the excitation density to maximum to begins to decrease with increase in E. The value of to differs by 25-30% for different salts. The decrease in to with increase in E occurs at room temperature as well as at liquid nitrogen temperature. The absence of photoconductivity and photo-e.m.f. is typical for pure monomolecular mechanisms. Photoelectric effects investigated using a Bierman condenser and a pulsed lamp Nok -120 (IFK-120) with a yp(-1 (UFS-1) filter showed that platinocyanides give a well defined diffusion photo-e.m.f. signal. Electron and hole effects are observed. These effects clearly show the monomolecular mechanism of excitation and relaxation in platinocyanides.

There is 1 table.

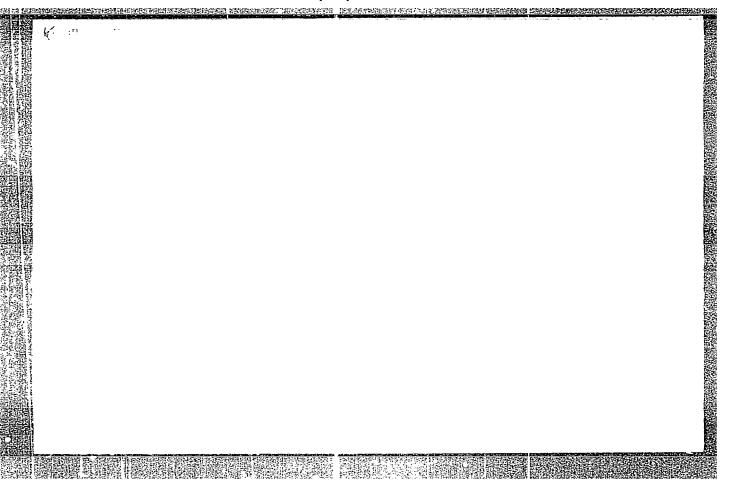
SUBMITTED: July 2, 1962

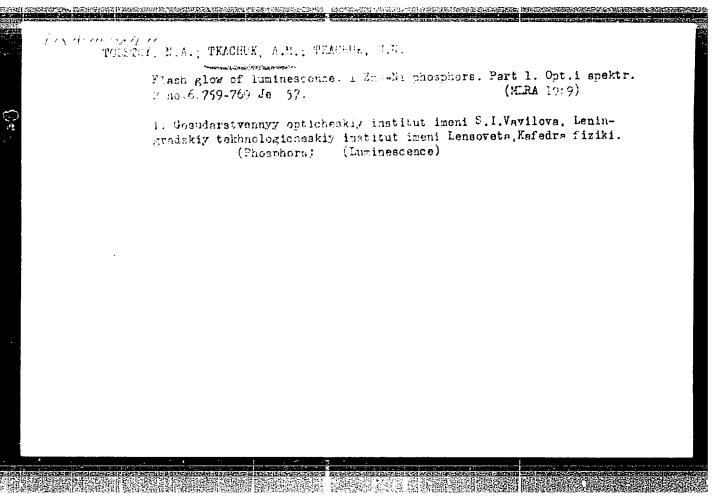
Card 2/3

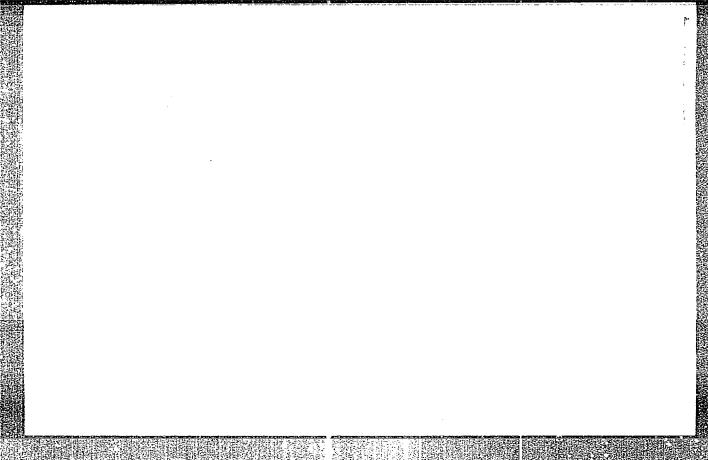
Some manifestations of the ... S/051/63/014/001/027/031 E039/E120

Composition of salt T , °C		Table	
T _{max} , °c	δ, °C	U, eV	
-144 -152 -158 -146 -146	29 29 38 16 30	0.05 0.04 0.03 0.08 0.045	
	-144 -152 -158 -146	T _{max} , °C 6, °C -144 29 -152 29 -158 38 -146 16	

Card 3/3







TOLSTOY, N.A.; TROFIMOV, A.K.; TKCHUK, A.M.; TKACHUK, N.N.

Kinetics of the luminescence of platinum cyanide compounds.

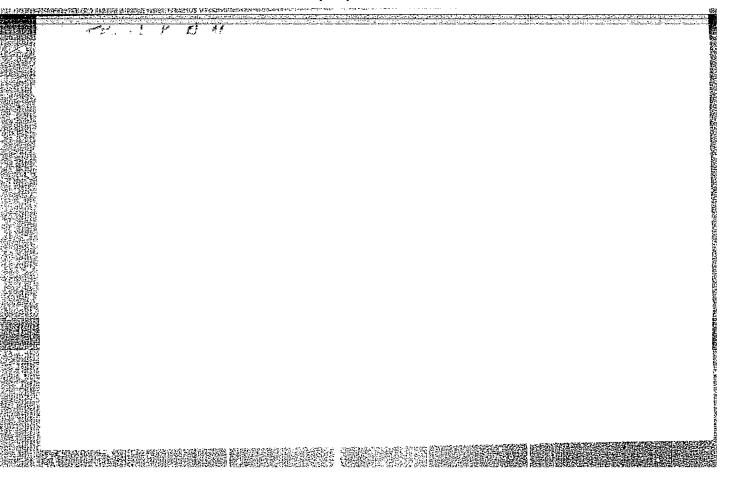
Izv.AN SSSR Ser.fiz.me.5:583-590 '56. (MLRA 9:9)
(Luminescence) (Platinum cyanide)

TOLSTOY, N.A.; TRACHUK, A.M.; TRACHUK, N.N.

Temperature dependence of luminescence relaxation times of barium and potassium platinocyanide and fluorite activated by europium.

Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 29 no.3:386-387 8 '55. (MIRA 9:1)

(Luminescence)



24(4), 24(6) AUTHORS:

Tolstoy, N.A. and Tkachuk, A.M.

SOV/51-6-5-16/34

TITLE:

Studies of the Spectral Distribution of the Luminescence Decay Time of Ruby, by the Pulse Taumeter Method (Issledovaniye spektral'nogo raspredeleniya vremeni zetukhaniya svecheniya rubina metodom

impul'snoge taumetra)

PERIODICAL: Optika i Spektroskopiya, 1959, Vol 8, Nr 5, pp 659-664 (USSR)

ABS TRACT:

Luminescence of ruby (Al203-Gr), originally thought to be rather simple (Refs 1, 2), was recently shown to behave in a complex fashion (Refs 3-5). Further experimental work is noted on this substance. The present paper reports studies of the emission-wavelength dependence of the decay constant t ("the relaxation spectrum") of ruty using the pulse to leter method (Ref 6). Fig 1 shows a taumeter with a pulse lamp IS-50 11 in Fig 1). This instrument is capable of measuring decay constants by +ueen 10^{-2} and 2 x 10^{-5} sec ... th an error of $\pm 5\%$. The exciting light (340-500 mu) from the lamp 1 was focused by a quartz condenser K1 on to a sample O. Some of this light was so thered by the condenser surfaces and reached a photomultiplier FEU-1 F (). signal from this multiplier was passed throughan R-1 sircuit (the taumeter proper), was sumplified and applied to the X-plates of a c.r.o. 20-7

Card 1/3

7/51-6-5-16/34 of leaby,

Studies of the Spectral Distribution of the Laminescence Decay Time by the Pulse Taumeter Method

(K.O. in Fig 1). Luminescert light was focused by a second quartz condenser K2 on to the entry slit of a monochromator fitted with a diffraction grating (600 lines/mm, linear dispersion 6.5 Å/mm). Amminescence which emerged through the exit slit of the monochromator was focused by a lens 1, on to a second photomultiplier FEU-2 (F2) whose signal was amplified and applied to the Y-plates of the c.r.o. Measurement of t took loss than 1 min (for details see Tolstoy, Ref 6). Six samples of ruby were studied in which the amount of chromium varied from 0.05 to 2.39%. Two series of measurements were made. In the first series the luminescence spectrum of ruby was recorded by means of a pulse lamp and an oscillograph and then the value of T was found for each line or band of sufficient intensity. These measurements were carried out at -193 and +20°C. The results obtained (T varied from 0.3 to 5.6 sec) are given in a table on p 661 and in Fig 2. The latter figure shows the luminescence and "relaxation" spectra at -103 and +2000 for three samples with 0.05, 0.35 and 2.69% of chromium. In the second series of experiments the temperature dependences of t were measured in the region from 80 to 5000K for the strongest lines or bands. Simultaneously, the temperature dependences of the emission brightness

Card 2/3

Studies of the Spectral Distribution of the Luminescence Deca: Time of Ruby,

of these lines or bands were obtained. It was found that (1) ruby can have 7 to 3 different decay constants at various emission wavelengths from 690 to 800 mm and (2) consentration of chromium affects strongly not only the absolute value of 7 (which increases with increase of the amount of 3r) but also the temperature dependence of 7 in the region 90-5000k. The experiments described here illustrate the possibilities of the pulse taumeter and show that ruby has an interesting but unknown, as yet, mechanism of energy transfer between emission centres.

T.V. Kreytser took part in measurements. There are 3 figures, 1 table and 9 references, 6 of which are Soviet, 2 English and 1 German.

SUBMITTED: May 26, 1959

Card 3/3

RYSKIN, A.I.; TKACHUK, A.M.; TOISTOY, N.A.

Properties of ethanolamine compounds of divalent platinum.
Opt. 1 spektr. 18 no.3:422-431 Mr '65.

(MIRA 18:5)

RYSKIN, A.I.; TKACHUK, A.M.; TCISTOY, N.A.

Optical properties of complex compounds of bivalent platinum.

Izv. AN SSSR. Ser.fiz. 29 no.3:512-515 Mr '65.

(MIRA 18:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TOLSTOY, N.A.; TKACHUK, A.M.

Ultra-taumeter with a pulse tube. Opt. i spektr. 15 nc.5:698-704 (MIRA 16:12)
N '63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

TOLSTOY, N.A.; TKACHUK, A.M.; RYSKIN, A.I.

Flare luminescence. Part 3: Effect of the intensity of exciting and de-exciting light. Opt. i spektr. 10 no.2:220-224 F '61.

(MIRA 14:2)

(Luminescence)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

20846

9,4160 (also 1137,1395)

s/048/61/025/003/035/047 B104/B202

AUTHORS:

Tolstoy, N. A., Tkachuk, A. M., Sokolov, V. A., Burlakov, A. V., Ryskin, A. I., Mansurova, Z. S., and

Yepifanov, M. V.

TITLE:

Flash-heating of ZnS-phosphors and concurrence of

luminescence bands

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya,

v. 25, no. 3, 1961, 399-405

TEXT: This paper was presented at the 9th conference on luminescence (crystal phosphors), Kiyev, June 20 to 25, 1960. Flash heating of phosphore is related to an accumulation of electrons or holes which occurs in the interval between two excitations. Proceeding from the scheme suggested by Schön and Klasens the authors discuss the processes occurring in this connection with the aid of the scheme shown in Fig. 1. They explain the filling of the blue and red luminescence centers with holes in the case of steady excitation. They also discuss the mechanism of flash heating which leads to the concurrence of blue and red bands which had been described

Card 1/7

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

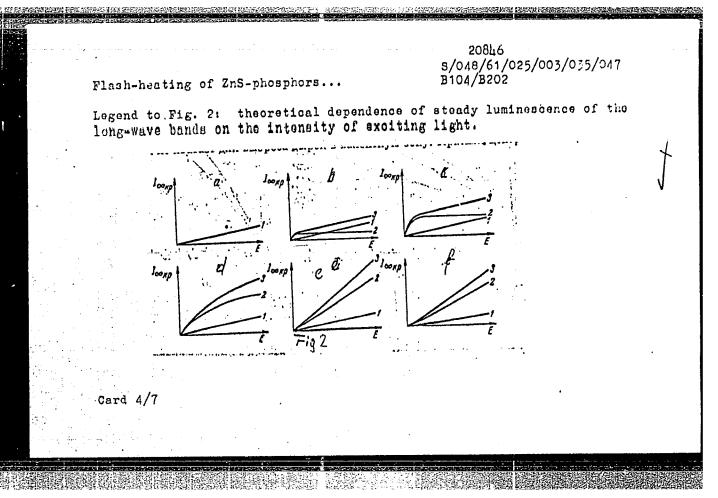
20846 \$/048/61/025/003/035/047 B104/B202

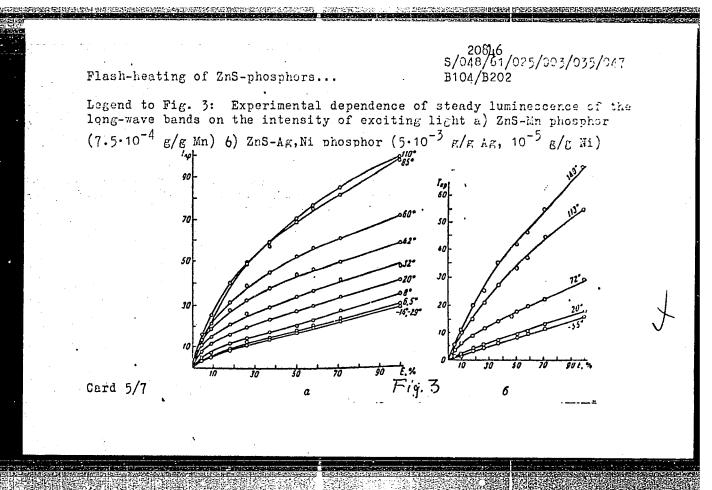
Flash-heating of ZnS-phosphors...

Card 2/7

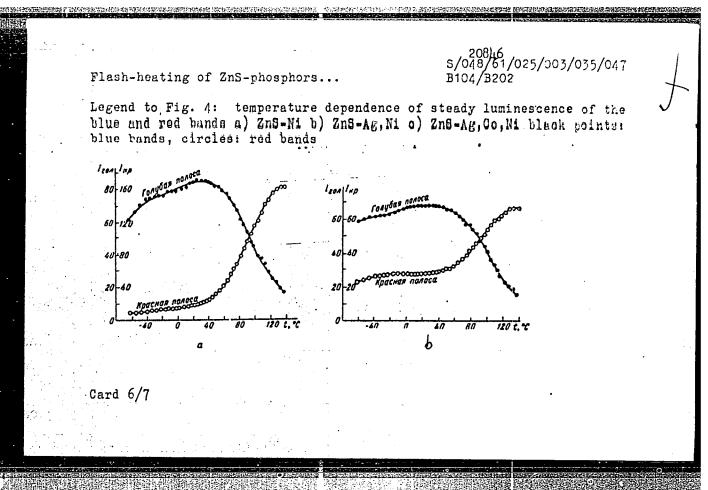
already by V. L. Levshin. On the basis of these considerations the authors study the dependence of the steady luminescence of short-wave bands on the intensity of the exciting light at different temperatures. Fig. 1 graphically shows the results obtained for different temperatures. In Fig. 1a which holds for very low temperatures, the intensity of red luminescence is represented as a linear function of energy. Fig. 1b which approximately holds for room temperature shows that red luminescence has one constant component and one component depending linearly on E. For some tens of degrees (Fig. 1c) the intensity of the red luminescence depends already nonlinearly on E. It becomes linear again only in the range of 100°C. This characteristic dependence of luminescence on the intensity of the exciting light at different temperatures is essentially explained by the filling of the first and second localization level which depends on temperature and intensity. Fig. 3 shows experimental results. It could be demonstrated already earlier that the curves of flash heating of the blue and red bands are opposite i.e., if one hole migrates off a blue center, a loss of a "blue quantum" occurs; if, however, a hole migrates to a red center, a "red quantum" is emitted. As could be proven, this process is specific and does not always apply. The experimental results

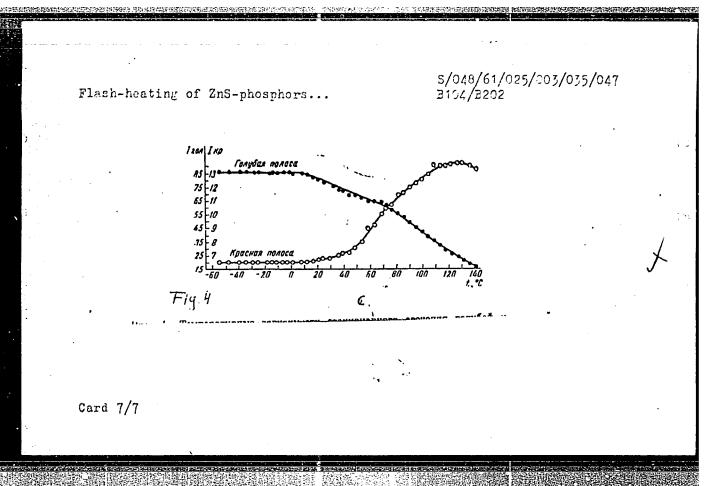
	Flash-heating of ZnS-phosphors	20846 \$/048/61/025/003/035/047 B104/B202	
	shown in Fig. 4 clearly show a paralle red and blue luminescence occur "addit are 5 figures and 9 references: 7 Sov	ively" and "concurrently" Thomas	1676 :
	Legend to Fig. 1: 1) conduction pand 2) electron adhesion level 3) red conters 4) blue centers. 4 and A ₂ hole levels of first and second localization.	2 ASSERVE DOOD A, WENTER WENTER 2000 A, 12 133/////////////////////////////////	
		Fig1	J
C	erd 3/7		



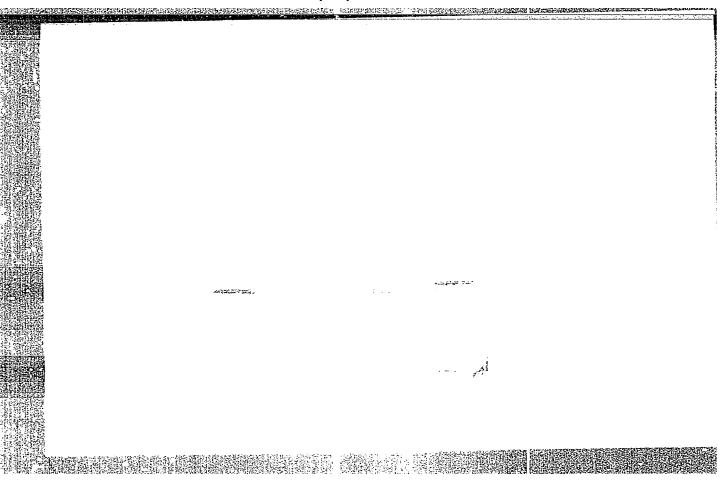


APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"





APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"



ACC NR: AP/000025

SOURCE CODE:

UR/0051/66/021/005/0555/0563

AUTHOR: Tolstoy, N. A.; Tkachuk, A. M.

ORG: none

TITLE: Optical properties of platinocyanide compounds. V. Luminescence of solutions frozen into porous glasses

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 21, no. 5, 1966, 555-563

TOPIC TAGS: platinum compound, cyanide, optic property, luminescence, emission spectrum

ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to check by means of an independent experiment some conclusions derived in an earlier part of the investigation (Opt. i spektr. v. 20, 1030, 1966) that the emission spectra of frozen-in solutions of platinocyanides depend strongly on the concentration of the dissolved substance. The idea of the experiment consists of introducing the investigated aqueous solution into porous glass having a known pore diameter. Inashuch as exchange of ions between pores is difficult, the crystallization of the dissolved substance in each pore is determined by the amount of substance per pore, which in turn depends on the volume of the pore and the concentration of the solution. This makes it possible to prepare beforehand various dimers and monomers of the investigated substance and to establish their emission spectra. The tests were made on aqueous solutions of barium, magnesium, and ytterbium platinocyanides. Attention is called to a curious quantitative result

Card 1/2

VDC: 535.37

TO A TO A STORE THE STREET STREET, AND A STREET STREET, AND A STREET, AND A STREET, AND A STREET, AND A STREET,

ACC NR: AP7000025

of the experiment, namely that the intensity of the dimer band increases with concentration, whereas the intensity of the monomer band remains approximately constant. This confirms that a dimer actually consists of two monomers. It is demonstrated that the experiments with porous glass make it possible to reproduce all the phenomena observed in freezing-in of free solutions of small concentrations, but to operate with large concentrations. The emission spectra are shown to depend in this experiment not only on the concentration of the solution but also on the dimension of the pores. The dependence of the emission spectrum on the dimensions of the pores is analyzed from the point of view of the single-center model developed in earlier parts of the investigation (Opt. i spektr. v. 17, no. 4 and no. 5, 1964). Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 2 tables.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 29Mar65/ ORIG REF: 005

Card 2/2

TKACHUK, A.M.

USSR/Physics - Luminescence

FD-2984

Card 1/1

Pub. 146 - 25/28

Author

: Tolstoy, N. A.; Tkachuk, A. M.; Tkachuk, N. N.

Title

Temperature dependence of relaxation time of luminescence of barium and potassium platinocyanides and fluorite activated by euro-

pium

Periodical

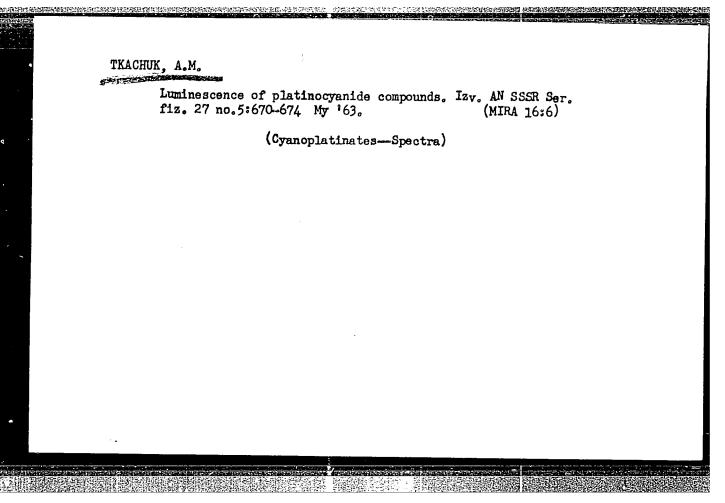
: Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz., 29, September 1955, 386-387

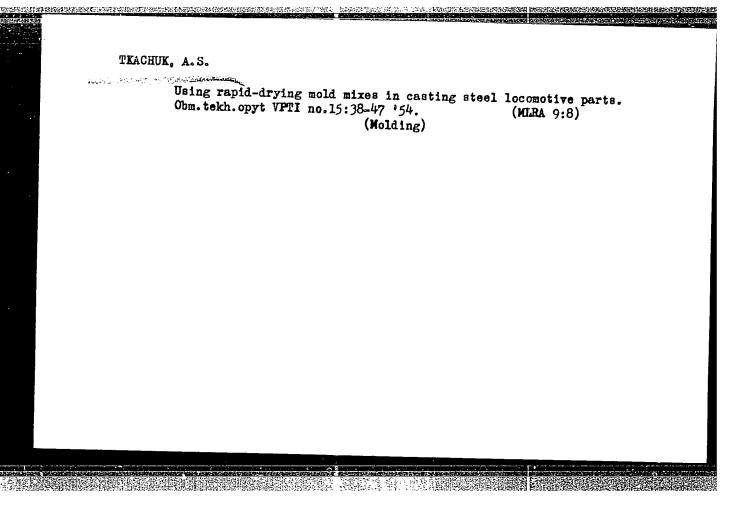
Abstract

: By means of the method of the ultra-taumeter (N. A. Tolstoy, DAN SSSR, 102, 935, 1955) the present writers succeeded for the first time in investigating the kinetics governing the photoluminescence of several substances for which the time of extinction of luminescence lies in the time interval 1/10 to 10 microseconds (the absence of such data on the relaxation photoluminescence in his time caused S. I. Vavilov to call this interval a blank in luminescence (Izv. AN SSSR, Ser. fiz., 13, 216, 1949). They find that for all three substances ($K_2[Pt(CN)_4~3H_2O,~CaF_2(Eu^{\tau\tau}),~bar$ ium platinocyanide) the brightness of luminescence is proportional to the intensity of excitation E and that the times of extinction and flare-up do not depend upon E; thus all three cases are concerned with monomolecular processes representing comparatively slow fluorescence. Four references: e.g. P. P. Feofilov, DAN SSSR, 99, 731, 1954.

Submitted

May 27, 1955





ACCESSION NR: AP4012185

\$/0191/64/000/002/0017/0019

AUTHORS: Omel'chenko, S. I.; Sorokin, V. P.; Tkachuk, B. M.; Beletskaya, T. V.; Zubkova, Z. A.; Piotrkovskaya, V. G.; Safonov, A. I.

TITLE: Unsaturated polyglycol maleinate resins modified by anthracene

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy*, no. 2, 1964, 17-19

TOPIC TAGS: unsaturated polyglycol maleinate resin, anthracene, unsaturated polyester resin, glass-reinforced plastic, maleic an-hydride, contact method, filler, binder, heat resistance

ABSTRACT: Effort directed toward broadening the raw material base for synthesis of unsaturated polyester resins is acquiring great value in connection with the expansion of glass-reinforced plastic production. Unsaturated polyester resins were synthesized by two methods: (1) joint polycondensation of maleic anhydride with additive of anthracene and glycol (ethylene glycol or diethylene glycol). (2) introduction of anthracene during condensation polymerization of glycols and maleic anhydride. Two problems were simultaneously

1/2 Card

ACCESSION NR: AP4012185

solved: obtaining unsaturated polyester bonds with improved properties and the expansion of the raw material base for their production. Optimum conditions for the process were studied and it was established that stable resins can be obtained by synthesis in one stage (22-23 hrs.) and in a two-stage process (16-27 hrs.). Glass-reinforced plastic was prepared on the basis of resins derived by the contact method; glass cloth of brand T and ACTT (b) C with paraffin lubricant were used as filler. Physical-mechanical testing indicates that the resins modified by additive or anthracene can be used as binders. Glass-reinforced plastic based on resin of certain brands (PNA-D-2, PNAD-E-3, PNAD-2.5) possess increased heat resistance and the best physical-mechanical properties.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 26Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: CH, MA

NR REF SOV: OOL

OTHER: 003

1.1

Card 2/2

ACCESSION NR: AP5014683

URL 0191 65, 000, 006, 0000, 0006 673, 674'420'448-134, 434, 2

TO ALL THE MANAGER STATE OF THE STATE OF THE

AUTHOR: Tkachuk, B.M.; Omel'cherko S.L. Zuhkova, Z.A.; Piotrkovskaya, V.G.; Beletskaya, T.V.

TITLE: Effect of initiating systems on the copolymerization of anthracene-modified polygivcol maleate resm with styrene

BOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy, no. 6, 1965, 3-6

TOPIC TAGS: copolymorization, polymaleste styrene copolymer, polyglycol resin.

ABSTRACT. The article describes existence of contract entire consisting of the distinct and one

ACCESSION NR: AP5014683 The use of diethylaniline as a			
The use of diethylaniline as a			11
	n additional accelera	ator in the systems isopro bublishes convide a cons	pylbenzene ait
		A Company	,
and the second second			
ASSOCIATION: none			•
SUBMITTED: 60	ENCL: 90	SUB CODE: OC	
. 163 # St	*********		

BELETSKAYA, T.V. [Bilets'ka, T.V.]; ZUBKCVA, Z.A.: (MOLICHENIC. C.I., PICTRKOVSKAYA, V.G. [Pictrkovs'ka, V.H.]; FRACHIK, B.F.

Unsaturated polyester resins with increased heat resistance and improved dielectric properties for the manufacture of glass plastics. Khim. prom.[Ukr.] no.1:5-8 Ja-Mr 165. (MIRA 18:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"

Organization of medical care of children in a rural district. Soy.

zdrav. 15 no.5 supplement:15-16 0 '56. (MIRA 10:1)

(CHILD WELFARE

med. care in rural districts in Russia)

(RURAL CONDITIONS

med. care of child. in rural districts in Russia)

460 NR: ,07000004

HOURON CODE: UN/6073/66/635/611/1896/1257

AUTHOR: Tkachuk, B. V.; Bushin, V. V.; Smotankina, N. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Polymorization of siloxanos on a motal surface under the influence of a glow discharge

SOURCE: Ukrainskiy khimicheskiy zhurnal, v. 32, no. 11, 1966, 1256-1257

TOPIC TAGS: siloxano, glow dischargo, organosilicon compound, polymorization

ABSTRACT: The paper deals with the formation of polymer films in an atmosphere of hexamethyldisiloxane, octamethyltrisiloxane, and hoxadecamethylheptasiloxane on the surface of aluminum under the influence of a glow discharge. The latter was produced with a current having a frequency of 1000 cps at a voltage of 500-700 V. The thickness of the polymer film was found to increase linearly with the polymerization time. IR spectra of the initial organosilicon compounds and polymer films obtained and ultimate analysis of the polymer films show that the structure of the polymer is independent of the chain length in the initial organosilicon compounds. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 03Jun66/ OTH REF: 005

Card 1/1

UDC: 537.525+678.84

TKACHUK, F.F.

Problems in the dispensory treatment of rheumatic patients.

Vrach.delo no.11:122-123 N *62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Rayonnaya bol'nitsa, s. Komsomol'skoye, Vinnitskoy oblasti. (RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755920018-3"